Tip adaptation

Let the water flow out before adapting the tips to eject possible air bubbles (every time the tip is changed)



Magnetostrictives



Secure the tip by a specific key

As near as

possible to the

working area

Piezoelectrics

Grasp and rest

Low pressure to avoid possible iatrogenic damages to hard and soft tissues



Modified pen grasp



Intra-oral or extra-oral rest



Periodontal Machine-driven Instruments



Grasp and rest

Low pressure to avoid possible iatrogenic damages to hard and soft tissues



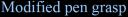
Modified pen grasp

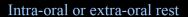


working area

As near as

possible to the





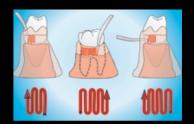


Periodontal Machine-driven **Instruments**



Instrumentation

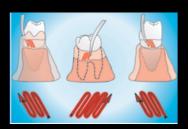
Tip parallel to the tooth long axis



Vertical movements



Horizontal movements



Oblique movements



Periodontal Machine-drive Instruments

Activation

Activation must precede instrumentation

No static pressure





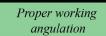
Periodontal Hand Instruments



Rest and fulcrum techniques

Rest localization

Stable fulcrum



Wrist-forearm movement



Wherever possible the rest finger should be closest to the working area

The nearer the fulcrum (to the working area)



The lower the lever arm

Fulcrum



> 8

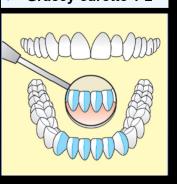
Patient & Operator position



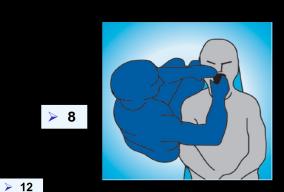
Gracey curette 1-2



- Head towards operator
- Chin down



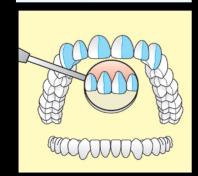
- MV-ML surfaces q.4
- DV-DL surfaces q.3



- Head towards operator
- Chin up



Gracey curette 1-2



- MV-MP surfaces q.1
- DV-DP surfaces q.2



> 9

Patient

Patient

Patient & Operator position



> 8

> 9

> 10-11



Patient & Operator position

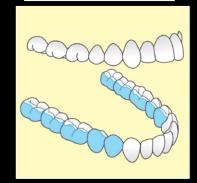
Patient & Operator position



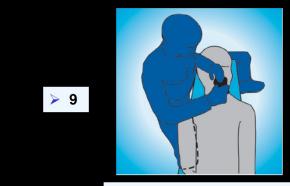
Gracey curettes



- Head away from operator



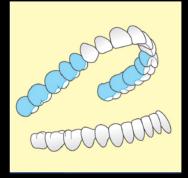
- Vest. surfaces q.4
- Ling. surfaces q.3



- Head away from operator
- > Chin up

Patient

Gracey curettes



- Vest. surfaces q.1
- Palat. surfaces q.2



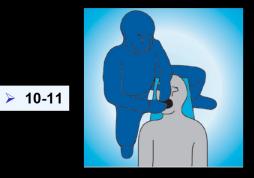
Chin down



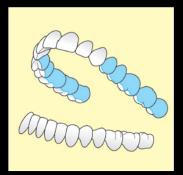
Patient & Operator position



Gracey curettes



Head towards operatorChin up



- Vest. surfaces q.2
- Palat. surfaces q.1



> 12

Patient

Patient

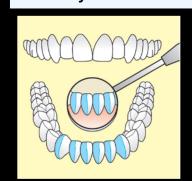
Patient & Operator position



Gracey curettes 1-2



- Head towards operator
- Chin down



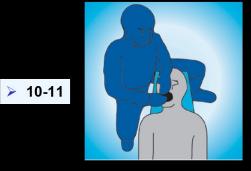
- DV-DL surfaces q.4
- MV-ML surfaces q.3



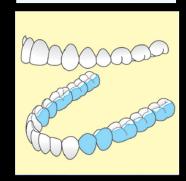
Patient & Operator position



Gracey curettes



- Head towards operator
- Chin down



- Vest. surfaces q.3
- Ling. surfaces q.4



> 12

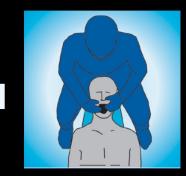
Patient

Patient

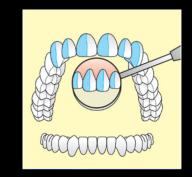
Patient & Operator position



Gracey curette 1-2



- Head towards operator
- Chin up

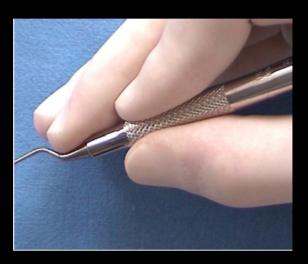


- MV-MP surfaces q.2
- DV-DP surfaces q.1

Gracey curettes

Approach to therapy







Gracey curettes

Approach to therapy





Rest and fulcrum techniques

Rest positions

Intra-oral rest

	-	
Stan	da	nd
Dian	ии	ru

Modified

Piggy-backed

Cross-arch

Opposite-arch

Finger-on-finger

Handle	Pen-modified grasp
Fulcrum	Ring finger rest
Rest	On a tooth surface, ideally the nearest to the tooth to treat
Position	The same arch of the tooth to treat



Gracey curettes

Approach to therapy

1		
Curette selection		

Gracey curettes	Where to use	
1-2 and 3-4	Anterior teeth	
5-6	Anterior teeth and premolars	
7-8 and 9-10	Vestibular and lingual/palatal surfaces of posterior teeth	
11-12 and 15-16	Mesial surfaces of posterior teeth	
13-14 and 17-18	Distal surfaces of posterior teeth	

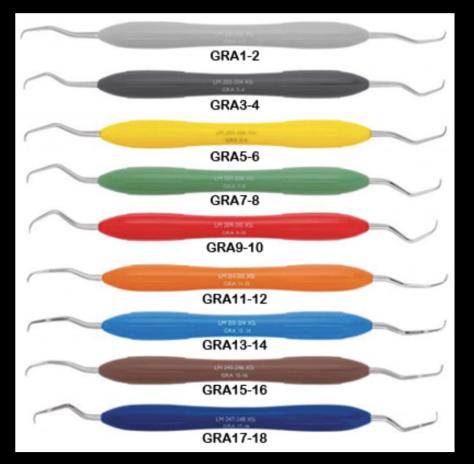


Periodontal Hand Instruments



Gracey curettes

Approach to therapy



1 Curette selection

